

## Class C Weeds

Class C weeds are other non-native weeds found here.. Many of these species are widespread in the state. Long-term programs of suppression and control are a local option, depending upon local threats and the feasibility of control in local areas.

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
Archangel, yellow	<i>Lamium galeobdolon</i>
Bindweed, Field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
*Blackberry, Evergreen	<i>Rubus laciniatus</i>
*Blackberry, Himalayan	<i>Rubus armeniacus</i>
Canarygrass, Reed	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>
English Ivy ( <i>4 cultivars only</i> )	<i>Hedera hibernica</i> "Hibernica" <i>Hedera helix</i> : "Baltica", "Pittsburg", & "Star"
Groundsel, Common	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>
Hemlock, poison	<i>Conium maculatum</i>
Iris, yellow flag	<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>
Old Man's Beard	<i>Clematis vitalba</i>
Reed, common	<i>Phragmites australis</i> ( <i>non native</i> )
St. Johnswort, Common	<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>
Thistle, Bull	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>
Thistle, Canada	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Water lily, fragrant	<i>Nymphaea odorata</i>



### **Don't let weeds get your goat!**

Learn to identify plants that are toxic to your animals.

Don't allow weeds to go to seed.

Weeds pull easier in wet soil. Water well the day before weeding.

Healthy lawns and pastures withstand weed invasion. Fertilize and lime as needed.

Use mulch to prevent weed germination, or in combination with cardboard or newspaper to smother weeds.

Set realistic goals, a slow and steady pace wins the race!

## **TO FIND MORE INFORMATION...**

**Grays Harbor County  
Noxious Weed Control Board**  
P.O. Box 3018  
Elma, WA 98541  
(360) 482-2265  
<http://graysharbor.wsu.edu>

**Washington State  
Noxious Weed Control Board**  
P.O. Box 42560  
Olympia, WA 98504-2560  
(360) 725-5764  
[www.nwcb.wa.gov](http://www.nwcb.wa.gov)

**Washington State  
Department of Agriculture**  
1111 Washington St SE  
P.O. Box 42560  
Olympia, WA 98504-2560  
360-902-1800  
[www.wa.gov/agr](http://www.wa.gov/agr)

**Washington State  
Department of Ecology -  
Aquatic Plants**  
[http://www.ecy.wa.gov/  
programs/wq/links/  
plants.html](http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wq/links/plants.html)

# 2009 GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY NOXIOUS WEED LIST

## *CONTROL WEEDS SENSIBLY*



Shiny Geranium, *Geranium lucidum*

Telephone 360-482-2265

Noxious weeds are non-native plants that have been introduced to **Grays Harbor County**. Because of their aggressive growth and lack of natural enemies, these species can be highly destructive, & difficult to control. These exotic species can reduce crop yields, destroy native plant and animal habitat, damage recreational opportunities, clog waterways, lower land values, and poison humans and livestock.

To help protect the county's resources, the **Grays Harbor County Noxious Weed Control Board** adopts a county Noxious Weed List each year as directed by RCW 17.10.090. The list categorizes weeds into three major classes – A, B, C, - according to the seriousness of the threat they pose to the county or a region of the county. Plants that are new to the list have an \* before the name.

## GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY LIST

### Class A Weeds

Class A Weeds are non-native species with a limited distribution in Grays Harbor County and Washington State. Preventing new infestations and eradicating existing infestations is highest priority.

**Control of these species is required by law.**

<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>
Bean-Caper, Syrian	<i>Zygophyllum fabago</i>
Blueweed, Texas	<i>Helianthus ciliaris</i>
*Brome, False	<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>
Broom, Spanish	<i>Spartium junceum</i>
Buffalobur	<i>Solanum rostratum</i>
Clary, Meadow	<i>Salvia pratensis</i>
Cordgrass, Common	<i>Spartina anglica</i>
Cordgrass, denseflower	<i>Spartina densiflora</i>
Cordgrass, Salt Meadow	<i>Spartina patens</i>
*Cordgrass, Smooth	<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>
Crupina, Common	<i>Crupina vulgaris</i>
Flax, Spurge	<i>Thymelaea passerina</i>
Four O' Clock, Wild	<i>Mirabilis nyctaginea</i>
*Geranium, Shiny	<i>Geranium lucidum</i>
Goatsrue	<i>Galega officinalis</i>
Hawkweed, European	<i>Hieracium sabaudum</i>
Hawkweed, Yellow Devil	<i>Hieracium floribundum</i>
Hogweed, Giant	<i>Heracleum mantegazzianum</i>
Hydrilla	<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>
Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Knapweed, Bighead	<i>Centaurea macrocephala</i>
Knapweed, Vochin	<i>Centaurea nigrescens</i>

Kudzu	<i>Pueraria montana var. lobata</i>
Mustard, garlic	<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>
Nightshade, Silverleaf	<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>
Primrose-willow,	<i>Ludwigia peploides</i>
Floating	
Ricefield bulrush	<i>Schoenoplectus mucronatus</i>
*Rush, Flowering	<i>Butomus umbellatus</i>
Sage, Clary	<i>Salvia sclarea</i>
Sage, Mediterranean	<i>Salvia aethiopis</i>
Spurge, eggleaf	<i>Euphorbia oblongata</i>
Starthistle, Purple	<i>Centaurea calcitrapa</i>
Sweetgrass,reed	<i>Glyceria maxima</i>
Thistle, Italian	<i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i>
Thistle, Milk	<i>Silybum marianum</i>
Thistle, Slenderflower	<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i>
Variable-leaf milfoil	<i>Myriophyllum heterophyllum</i>
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Woad, Dyers	<i>Isatis tinctoria</i>

### Class B Weeds

Class B weeds are non-native species that are presently limited to portions of the state. Class B species are designated for control in regions where they are not yet widespread. Preventing infestations in these areas is a high priority. In regions where a Class B species is already abundant, control is decided at the local level, with containment as the primary goal.

<b>Common name</b>	<b>Scientific name</b>
Alyssum, Hoary	<i>Berteroa incana</i>
Arrowhead, grass leaved	<i>Sagittaria graminea</i>
Blackgrass	<i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i>
Blueweed	<i>Echium vulgare</i>
Broom, Scotch	<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>
Bryony, White	<i>Bryonia alba</i>
Bugloss, Annual	<i>Anchusa arvensis</i>
Bugloss, Common	<i>Anchusa officinalis</i>
Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Camelthorn	<i>Alhagi maurorum</i>
Chervil, wild	<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>
Cinquefoil, Sulfur	<i>Potentilla recta</i>
Elodea, Brazilian	<i>Egeria densa</i>
Fanwort	<i>Cabomba caroliniana</i>
Fennel, common	<i>Foeniculum vulgare (not azoricum)</i>
Fieldcress, Austrian	<i>Rorippa austriaca</i>
Floating heart, yellow	<i>Nymphoides peltata</i>
Hawkweed, Mouseear	<i>Hieracium pilosella</i>
Hawkweed, Orange	<i>Hieracium aurantiacum</i>

Hawkweed, Oxtongue	<i>Picris hieraciodes</i>
Hawkweed, Polar	<i>Hieracium atratum</i>
Hawkweed, Queendevil	<i>Hieracium glomeratum</i>
Hawkweed, Smooth	<i>Hieracium laevigatum</i>
Hawkweed, Yellow	<i>Hieracium caespitosum</i>
Helmet, Policeman's	<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>
Herb Robert	<i>Geranium robertianum</i>
Garden Loosestrife	<i>Lysmachia vulgaris</i>
Gorse	<i>Ulex europaeus</i>
Indigobush	<i>Amorpha fruticosa</i>
Knapweed, Black	<i>Centaurea nigra</i>
Knapweed, Brown	<i>Centaurea jacea</i>
Knapweed, Diffuse	<i>Centaurea diffusa</i>
Knapweed, Meadow	<i>Centaurea jacea x nigra</i>
Knapweed, Russian	<i>Acroptilon repens</i>
Knapweed, Spotted	<i>Centaurea stoebe</i>
Knotweed, Bohemian	<i>Polygonum Bohemicum</i>
Knotweed, Japanese	<i>Polygonum cuspidatum</i>
Knotweed, Giant	<i>Polygonum sachalinense</i>
Knotweed, Himalyan	<i>Polygonum polystachyum</i>
Laurel, spurge	<i>Daphne laureola</i>
Lawnweed	<i>Soliva sessilis</i>
Lepyrodictis	<i>Lepyrodictis holosteoides</i>
Loosestrife, Purple	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>
Loosestrife, Wand	<i>Lythrum virgatum</i>
Nutsedge, Yellow	<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>
Parrotfeather	<i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>
Pepperweed, Perennial	<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>
Primrose, Water	<i>Ludwigia hexapetala</i>
Ragwort, Tansy	<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>
Saltcedar	<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>
*unless intentionally established prior to 2004"	
Sandbur, Longspine	<i>Cenchrus longispinus</i>
Skeletonweed, Rush	<i>Chondrilla Juncea</i>
Sowthistle, Perennial	<i>Sonchus arvensis ssp arvensis</i>
Spurge Leafy	<i>Euphorbia esula</i>
Spurge, myrtle	<i>Euphorbia myrsinites</i>
Starthistle, Yellow	<i>Centaurea solstitialis</i>
Swainsonpea	<i>Sphaerophysa salsula</i>
Thistle, Musk	<i>Carduus nutans</i>
Thistle, Plumeless	<i>Carduus acanthoides</i>
Thistle, Scotch	<i>Onopordum acanthium</i>
Toadflax, Dalmatian	<i>Linaria dalmatica ssp. dalmatica</i>
Watermilfoil, Eurasian	<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>